## **3. Structure of the Education Program**

**050407** - The study programme for the specialisation "Marketing" consists of 240 (4 years) ECTS credits. The credits are distributed as follows:

Number of the subjects	Name of the subjects	ECTS Credits
	General Subjects	30
1	Azerbaijani History This course sequentially explores the stages of historical development that the Azerbaijani people have gone through from ancient times to the present day. In order to instill a sense of patriotism in our students, the political history of states that emerged during various historical stages, as well as heroic examples of individuals, are analyzed based on historical facts. The main goal is to develop in students a broad worldview, love for their homeland, the ability to analyze historical events analytically, draw accurate conclusions from events and political processes, and utilize our historical heritage.	5
2	<b>Business and academic communication in Azerbaijani language</b> Within the framework of this course, special attention should be paid to the presentation, proficiency, academic, and professional writing skills in the Azerbaijani language.	4
3	<b>Business and academic communication in foreign language</b> Within the framework of this course, special attention should be paid to the presentation, proficiency, academic and professional writing, and oral and written skills in one of the foreign languages related to the specialization.	15
	<b>Elective Courses</b> (Elective courses are determined by the higher education institution. Additional subjects may be added depending on the specifics of the specialization.)	6
4.1	Philosophy In this subject the main stages of the formation and development of philosophy, the philosophical doctrine about existence, the concept of matter, modern science about the structure, movement, space and time of matter, the main laws and categories of dialectics, consciousness in philosophy, the philosophical meaning of man, nature and society, cognition and its structure, scientific cognition and its methods, creativity and intuition, the ethics of science, the specificity of social cognition, society (self-developing system), the main fields of social science life, the philosophical analysis of political life, the spiritual life of society, history issues and the driving forces of the process, culture and civilisation, personality and social values are examined and examined. Sociology This subject deals with social events and processes in the context of society as a whole social system, analyses and studies the structure,	3

	subject matter, methodology, characteristics of sociology, theoretical	
	levels of modern sociological knowledge, as well as the variety of	
	special sociological concepts and explores possible perspectives of	
	scientific research in this field.	
	AR constitution and foundations of law	
	Constitution of the Republic of Azerbaijan, constitutional status of the	
	Azerbaijan state, citizenship of the Republic of Azerbaijan, human and	
	civil rights, freedoms and duties, state power, separation of powers	
	based on the Constitution, legislative power, executive power and its	
	organs, judicial power, structure and system, basics of labour law, basics	
	of civil law, basics of family law, basics of criminal law.	
	Logic	
	The subject of logic helps a person to evaluate possibilities objectively,	
	make quick and correct decisions, present thoughts clearly, convince	
	interlocutors with correct arguments, and avoid uncertain situations. It	
	evaluates the ability to think logically, measures the ability to perceive	
	and apply logical patterns, and lets you know how rich your knowledge	
	base is in different areas.	
	Ethics	
	Ethical thought and the main stages of its evolution: ethical thought in	
	ancient India and China, ethical thought in antiquity, medieval and new	
	ethical thought, moral thought in Azerbaijan, Islamic morality, the	
	essence and basic functions of morality, morality and other forms of	
	social consciousness, moral consciousness and action, the main	
	categories of morality: good and evil, duty and conscience, honour and	
	dignity, happiness and meaning of life, applied ethics and ethics related	
	profession information are taught in this subject.	
	Introduction to Multiculturalism	
	The nature and significance of the multiculturalism subject, the customs	
	and traditions of diverse minority populations living in Azerbaijan, the	
	social and economic impact of multiculturalism, the effects of	
	multiculturalism on foreign policy, analyzing Multiculturalism as a State	
	policy of the Republic of Azerbaijan, and comparative analysis of	
	Azerbaijan's multiculturalism with global examples of multiculturalism.	
	Information technology (specialisation)	
	Data, information and knowledge concepts, properties, characteristics,	
	Alphabets, systems, languages, number systems, coding systems.	
	Coding of information, organisation and development of information	
	processing techniques, Technical support of personal computers. main	
	and peripheral devices, algorithms for automation of information	
	processes, personal computer software. Operating systems. Windows	
4.2	operating system, standard programmes of Windows operating system,	3
<b>T</b> • <b></b>	application software. About MS Office package, processing of text type	5
	information. MS Word text editor, computer graphics. Graphic editors,	
	Ms Power Point graphic editor, Processing of numerical information. Ms	
	Excel spreadsheet, Database. Basic models. VBISs, information	
	systems, relational VBISs. Ms Access VBIS, processing of information	
	over the network. computer networks, Local networks. Network	
	topologies, network architecture. OSI model. Protocols, addressing,	
	global information infrastructure Internet, information security.	
	Information protection	

	Information Management	
	The subject of information management is taught as a continuation of	
	the subject of ICT basic computer knowledge. The main purpose of	
	teaching the subject is to get acquainted with the application of what has	
	been learnt in ICT basic computer knowledge, to learn the application	
	areas of modern information technologies in the age of information	
	society and to be able to apply them correctly. Thus, information is	
	given about the role, applications and models of information	
	technologies in public administration, economy, banking and tourism	
	sector, business world and cloud technologies.	
	Fundamentals of Entrepreneurship and Introduction to Business	
	Entrepreneurship environment and competition, small and medium scale	
	entrepreneurship, taxation in entrepreneurial activity, price policy,	
	management and marketing system. Organisational-legal forms of	
	business. GZIT analysis, external and internal environment of	
	entrepreneurship. Commercial, financial, consulting, production	
	entrepreneurship. Accounting, redistribution, stimulating, stabilising and	
	production placement.	
	Political Science	
	This subject is about political science. The main stages of the	
	development of political thought. Stages of development of political	
	opinion of Azerbaijan. Politics is the regulatory, organising and	
	controlling function of society. Political power and its carriers. Political	
	elite. Political system theory. Political regimes. Political parties and	
	party systems. Democracy: basic institutions. Parliament is the main	
	democratic institution Electoral systems. The state is the main political	
	institution. Political consciousness and political ideology, Political	
	culture, Civil society. World political theory and international political	
	relations. The concept of modernisation as a theoretical model of	
	political development. Political technologies. Political science and	
	political analysis. Making political decisions. Political science of	
	international relations. Global problems of international politics. Foreign	
	policy activity of the state.	120
	Specialty Subjects	120
	Introduction to economics	
-	This course explains important economic concepts, provides an	
5	overview of the market economy and defines the role of the market	6
	mechanism in the efficient use of scarce economic resources. The	
	principles governing decision-making by economic actors are explained.	
	Microeconomics	
	It examines the behaviour of economic actors from the perspective of	
6	profit and profit maximisation, analyses the factors determining the	10
	decisions taken by households and firms from relevant models of market	
	competition, and identifies the advantages and disadvantages of the	
	market mechanism in the efficient use of economic resources.	
	Macroeconomics	
7		10
/	Theoretical and practical questions of ensuring stable economic growth	10
	and macroeconomic stability in the country, full and efficient use of	

economic resources, minimization of unemployment and inflation, optimization of foreign economic relations are analyzed from the point of view of the overall rational use of economic resources. The directions of economic policy of the state in solving the problems are shown.8 <b>8</b> Linear algebra and mathematical analysis The subject "Linear Algebra" and "Mathematical Analysis" consists of the sections "Linear Algebra" and "Mathematical Analysis". "Linear algebra" studies linear objects such as linear equations, linear phase, linear transformation, while "Mathematical analysis" studies functions and variables using differential and integral calculus.8 <b>9</b> Probability theory and Mathematical Statistics Probability Theory and Mathematical Statistics consists of Probability Theory and Mathematical Statistics. "Probability theory" describes the mathematical regularities of the occurrence of random events, while "Mathematical statistics" refers to the collection, processing and interpretation of data results in order to establish statistical regularities, studying mathematical methods.8 <b>10</b> This course provides future specialists studying in economics with extensive knowledge of the methods and tools used in the implementation of modern information processes, instilling modern knowledge of new information and Internet technologies, which are an integral part of economic processes.8 <b>11</b> This course examines the quantitative side of qualitatively determined mass socio-economic phenomena and processes, their composition,10			
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mass socio-economic phenomena and processes, their composition,	11		10
distribution, interdependencies and regularities in specific spatial and temporal conditions.			
Econometrics		1	
	10		10
12This course studies specific quantitative and qualitative relationships of10	12		10
economic objects and processes using mathematical and statistical			
methods and models.			
Management         This course examines basic management functions, managerial roles,		8	
13 Ins course examines basic management functions, managema fores, organisational structures and the advantages and disadvantages of each,	13		7
types of leadership, group and team dynamics in organisations,			
organisational culture and the benefits of diversity.			

14	<b>Marketing</b> Through this subject, the student will be able to learn about the definition of marketing, the formation of the first concepts of marketing, gathering information about the marketing Civilenvironment, market segmentation, market information systems and the marketing mix. They will also have a basic knowledge of product, product life curve, brand and branding and valuation strategies as well as demand distribution, forms of distribution, channels, retailers and wholesalers and price and price formation. Examples of promotional mix - advertising, public relations, sales promotion, personal selling, direct selling activities and the study of each of these will provide basic knowledge of consumer behaviour, strategic marketing, ethics in marketing and modern approaches to marketing.	6
15	<b>Consumer behaviour</b> In addition to a detailed study of the concepts of consumer interest, sympathy, desire and need, which change over time, mastering methods for studying consumers' perceptions, motivations, beliefs, capabilities aniours is a core aspect of this course. In addition to a thorough analysis of the psychological, social, cultural and economic factors that influence consumer behaviour, the course also teaches an analysis of the buying process, the steps in the process and decision-making mechanisms.	4
16	<b>Marketing research</b> This course includes instruction in the concept of research as well as the idea and philosophy of scientific research, research methods (quantitative and qualitative) and the mastery of each research method. In addition, the student masters market research, market research, primary and secondary data collection, and literature analysis. Questionnaire design, instruction in scales and measurement logic, analysis of question forms, conducting and interpreting descriptive analysis, reliability tests, factor analysis, application and interpretation of correlation-correlation and regression effect tests, which are the most used methods in research. As well as practical implementation of the data analysis application at least in / program (SPSS/R/STATA) and giving the possibility to work with the program, making the analysis in an understandable form with data visualisation.	4
17	Strategic Marketing This course introduces the notion of strategy, explains its difference from the notions of tactics and operations, introduces the notions of purpose, mission, goal and objective, and trains marketing activities in this direction. This includes, in addition to detailed analysis of the marketing environment, internal environment of the company, micro- and macro environment analysis, analysis of the current situation with the help of SWOT-analysis, evaluation of strategic steps from different sides with the help of PEST-analysis. At the same time, the analysis of BKG, Ansoff matrices and the study of methods of decision-making by the firm in this direction, making plans for the place on the curve of the product life, establishing the strategic marketing of the product, formation of the marketing mix, and establishing its adaptation to current trends are given to the student in the form of an appendix.	6

	Advertising	
18	Product recognition is very important in marketing. A product is only marketed as a result of promotional activities. Therefore, the main objective of this course is to explain the concept of promotion and to teach the knowledge of the transition to the concept of communication and to teach the construction, formation and explanation of the differences in communication models (generic, AIDA, NAIDAS, etc.). At the same time, the course, considered as one of the promotion subcategories, provides basic knowledge about the definition of advertising, its objectives, advertising forms, acquiring skills about implementing traditional and digital advertising using different media, methods of measuring and evaluating advertising effectiveness related to this field, providing skills in the use of metrics. It also explains in detail the implementation of the advertising budget process.	6
19	<b>Sales Management</b> In this course the student is taught the definition of sales, the main distinguishing features from marketing, a separate analysis of the sales process and phases and mechanisms for controlling the application of the process, as well as training and application of sales evaluation. sales staff recruitment techniques, analysis of recruitment forms and their application to the work process, training for career opportunities in sales. The skills to be acquired also include sales techniques, establishing a sales budget and monitoring its implementation together with sales campaigns, and controlling the entire sales process.	4
20	<b>Retail Trade Marketing</b> In this course students will learn the concept of distribution, background information on distribution channels and retail shops, together with an introduction to the role of retailing within the channel, the location of retail shops, factors influencing shop selection, forms of retail shops and their classification.Besides imparting knowledge on interior design and shop environment, this class also teaches how to analyse career opportunities in this sector and how to recruit the right staff. In doing so, students are also taught how to plan and implement retail communication activities, as well as skills such as e-retail, retail technology application, modern approaches in retailing, ethics and social responsibility.	4
21	<b>Digital marketing</b> This course introduces new concepts of marketing and digital marketing, explaining basic differences from traditional marketing, providing information on social media marketing, information on social media and tools for social media marketing, SEO concepts, SEM, search tools such as Google Ads, Google Adwords and the application of content marketing strategies. At the same time, the course also covers the teaching and application of Influencer, viral marketing, Growthhacking, mobile marketing, Internet of Things and virtual life applications.	6
22	<b>Civil Defence</b> This subject teaches the rules aimed at ensuring safety and health protection of people in the environment in the modern era, when various global sciences and technologies are booming. The subject also covers the detection and identification of hazards, methods and means of human protection, ways of reducing harmful and hazardous factors to a	3

	minimum, and issues related to accident and disaster management in	
	peacetime and wartime.	60
	Subjects determined by the higher education institution:	00
23.	Elective subject	4
23.1	<b>Business English</b> Besides being an international language, English is also the main business language. In this context, learning "Business English" at a high level is of particular importance. Through this subject, students have the opportunity to improve their business communication skills and self- confidence in speaking English, develop language skills for discussion and negotiation, and learn about the business culture of English- speaking countries. The main objective of the subject "Business English" is to train an English-speaking specialist who has a practical command of a foreign language.	
23.2	AR constitution and foundations of law Constitution of the Republic of Azerbaijan, constitutional status of the Azerbaijan state, citizenship of the Republic of Azerbaijan, human and civil rights, freedoms and duties, state power, separation of powers based on the Constitution, legislative power, executive power and its organs, judicial power, structure and system, basics of labour law, basics of civil law, basics of family law, basics of criminal law.	
24	Elective subject	5
24.1	<b>Business correspondence</b> Organisation of business correspondence, preparation of official documents. General rules for drawing up documents. Organizational and administrative documents, their preparation and execution. Reference documents and the rules for their preparation. The role and formalization of records in management. HR documents and how to prepare them. Records of financial reporting, banking and tax operations. Records in business and how they are handled. Procedures for record keeping in social security agencies and population and business correspondence on applications. International business correspondence. Control over the circulation, execution and execution of documents in departments. Systematization of documents and organization of their submission to the archive. Business correspondence of local executive authorities and municipalities. The system of storage of personnel documents. Covers issues related to control over the execution of orders on letters and applications and recention of citizens.	
24.2	applications and reception of citizens.The basis of commercial activityThe development of commercial relations, the ethics of commercialactivity and the organisation of business negotiations, the commercialstrategy of the formation of a set of goods, the field of commercialactivity, commercial risk, advertising in commercial activity, communityrelations and its role in commercial activity, the specific features ofinternational trade, stock exchange, fair-exhibition and auction trade,leasing, franchising, factoring, covering issues related to businessplanning and government regulation, the concept of commercial activity	
	management, the concept of marketing activity.	

	Securities	
25.1	Classification of securities, shares, their nature and classification, economic nature and classification of bonds, state and municipal securities, corporate securities, payment and commodity securities, issuance, placement and circulation of securities, transactions and settlement of transactions in securities, securities market, its structure and functions, regulation of securities market, professional participants of securities market, organisation of trading in securities market and stock exchange, over the counter circulation of securities, international securities market.	
25.2	<b>Economic informatics</b> covers topics such as the main components and activities of information systems, data, information and knowledge, economic information, dimensions of information, number systems, basics of information processing algorithms, history of computing techniques, classification of computers, purpose of personal computers, basic and peripheral devices, computer software, operating systems, Ms Windows operating system, text processors, presentation programs (Ms Word, Power point), spreadsheet processors (Ms Excell), database management systems, computer computing networks, global computer network, internet.	
26.	Elective subject	5
26.1	Human resources management This course examines the principles of "human resource management", what are its aims and objectives, how to attract highly qualified	
	personnel to the business, how to carry out the selection process, performance evaluation, career management, motivation, etc. It examines the working principles of such functions.	
26.2	<b>Social economy</b> covers the nature of economic relations in social spheres, management in social spheres, marketing in social spheres, financing of social spheres, entrepreneurial activities in social spheres, state regulation of social sphere development, price policy, interaction of social sphere with the environment, social protection system of the population, features of the market and state regulation in the field of material services, education and science, culture and tourism service market in market conditions, health services, physical education and sports in market conditions.	
27.	Elective subject	5
27.1	The economics of the firm This subject covers the forms and types of entrepreneurship, entrepreneurial risk, production process in the firm (enterprise) and its organisation, firm personnel, labour productivity, wages, fixed assets and production capacity, working capital and working capital, production costs and product cost, profit, profitability indicators, financial management of the company, investment and innovation activities, planning of production and economic activities, foreign	

27.2	<b>State treasury</b> This subject covers the essence and features of state budget accounting, accounting of cash flow of income and expenditures of budgetary entities through the state treasury, stages of organisation and implementation of the work of the state treasury in Azerbaijan, the process of acceptance and fulfilment of state obligations in the state treasury system, goods received by budgetary entities, organisation of treasury accounting of accepted works and services, planning and management of cash funds, organisation of execution of budget expenditures in the state treasury system and financial control, includes issues related to the organisation of external audit of state expenditures, treasury management information system, aspects of improvement of the state treasury system.	
28.	Elective subject	3
28.1	<b>International commercial business</b> Organisational-legal regulation of international commercial practice, UN Convention on the sale of goods, import-export transactions: regulation and statistical report; The essence, content and research of the international market, preparation and conclusion of international purchase and sale contracts, model contracts, the organisation of the performance of international purchase and sale contracts, international mutual commercial transactions, commercial intermediary transactions, types, forms of organisation, transactions on commercial international trade exchanges, organisation and technique, international auctions and commercial transactions at auctions, fairs and exhibitions, international exchange of engineering and technical services, organisation of international advertising in international commercial transactions, international exchange of technology, scientific and technical knowledge and licence exchange, international rental and tourism operations, international production cooperation.	
28.2	Accounting Accounting balance, accounting system and double entry method, documentation, inventory, inventory, price and calculation, techniques and forms of accounting records, basics and principles of accounting organisation in enterprises, accounting of cash and exchange transactions, accounting of fixed assets and intangible assets, accounting of material-production resources, accounting of labour and its payment, accounting of production costs and product cost, accounting of the release and sale of finished products, accounting of financial results, accounting of financial investments and securities, accounting of capital (funds), accounting of liabilities, taxation transactions and accounting of foreign economic activities, accounting (financial) reporting.	
29.	Elective subject	7
29.1	<b>Financial analysis</b> It covers issues related to the organisation and information base of financial analysis, types and forms, production and sale of products, organisational-technical level of production, provision of the enterprise (union) with basic funds (funds) and their use, provision of the enterprise (union) with labour resources (funds) and salary fund, provision of material resources and analysis of their use, cost of products, financial results and economic stimulus funds, financial	

	condition, economic activities and marketing of construction	
	organisations, investment activities of the enterprise (firm), analysis in	
	AEC, audit in the financial control system.	
	Money and banks	
29.2	Monetary system, money circulation, non-cash money circulation and its organisation, inflation, the nature and functions of credit, the emergence and development of banks, the banking system, Central Banks, commercial banks, their activities and structure, securities market, international monetary credit relations and finance - credit institutions.	
30.	Elective subject	4
30.1	<b>Basics of management activity</b> Historical stages and aims of management theory, management systems, their functioning, management laws, principles, scientific basis, functions, essence, content and classification, organisation objectives and development strategies, risks, uncertainties, conflicts in management system, place in management system, psychology and management psychology in management process, the role of personality in management, public administration ethics and management activity, issues, signs, principles and functions of public administration in Azerbaijan.	
	Business basics	
30.2	To study the main economic and legal institutions of entrepreneurship, to master the main aspects of business planning and to develop entrepreneurial intention, to learn the active use of socio-economic tools in entrepreneurship.	
31.	Elective subject	5
31.1	Marketing communication system It covers the forms and structure of marketing communication, elements and stages of the communication process, selection and positioning of the target audience, product promotion, advertising, sales promotion, direct marketing, personal selling, public relations (public relations), general budgeting for fairs and exhibitions, marketing communication system, evaluation of effectiveness.	
 	Brand marketing	
31.2	It covers the importance of the brand as a tool for managing marketing behaviour, the competitiveness of the brand, rational brand communication, the brand as an open and changing system, the components of the brand, the consumer preference model, the model for managing brand communication, marketing tools (archetypes, traditional and non-traditional marketing communication) in relation to the components of the brand (consumer mission, trust, status and lifestyle, history of the product manufacturer, etc.) and issues related to structural changes in the production sector of the economy.	
32.	Elective subject	5
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32.1	<b>Customs</b> Customs policy and organisation of customs affairs in the Republic of Azerbaijan, types of customs control, customs operations and formalisation, customs-tariff regulation of foreign economic activity, customs expertise, payments, cost and methods of determination, money control, methods of customs exclusion - tariff regulation in customs affairs, customs statistics of foreign economic activity and goods terminology, law enforcement activities in customs bodies, management bases and organisational structures, management process in the customs system.	
32.2	<b>Insurance business</b> The role of insurance in the national economy, the socio-economic content and nature of the insurance market, the necessity and tasks of state control of insurance activities, the nature, role and main forms of reinsurance, the basics of the organisation of insurance management and marketing service, the formation of insurance reserves and actuarial settlements, the system of social insurance and benefits, types of property insurance and rules of contracting, personal accident insurance and its types, voluntary and compulsory civil liability insurance, legal bases and forms of health insurance companies.	
33.	Elective subject	5
33.1	Audit Essence, importance, objectives and tasks, types of audits, legal basis of auditor's activity and its regulation, auditing standards, basics of auditing regulation, preparatory stage of auditing regulation, planning of auditor's audits, general methodical approach to auditor's audits, interrelations of various issues during auditing, special aspects of auditing, some procedures for the final (final) stage of auditing, auditor's opinions, issues related to the finalisation of audit methodology in the main audit objects.	
33.2	<b>Regulation of the economy</b> Theoretical and methodological foundations of economic regulation, transformation of economic regulation and state economic policy in the transition period, the essence of state economic policy, state division and regulation of entrepreneurial activity, the basics of economic and social forecasting, the basics of macroeconomic forecasting and planning, regulation state order and contract relations, state budget - tax, investment - innovation, structural and monetary policy, state anti-inflation policy and price regulation, state agricultural and social policy, state regulation of social infrastructure development, state anti-monopoly policy, state regulation of the economy, possibilities and mechanisms of using international experience in Azerbaijan.	
34.	Elective subject	7
34.1	<b>Banking</b> The organisation of the activities of the Central Bank and commercial banks, payment system, asset and liability transactions of banks, investment transactions, foreign exchange transactions, money and capital market transactions of banks, intermediary transactions of banks, bank management and marketing, risks banking transactions, corporate	

governance system in banks, analysis of financial results of banking transactions, analysis of financial results of banking transactions includes issues related to the organisation of accounting work in banks.         Budget and treasury accounting         The role of budget accounting and reporting in the budget process, the basics and principles of organizing budget and treasury accounting, national accounting standards in budgetary entities, accounting of cash execution of the budget through the state treasury institution, treasury accounting of acceptance of obligations and purchases of goods in the state treasury system, organisation of treasury accounting in budget-financed entities, accounting of short-term assets of the budget, accounting of long-term assets in budgetary entities, accounting of short-term and long-term liabilities in budgetary putities, revenue, expenditure and profit (loss) accounting of transcial reports of budget organisations, financial activities accounting of bringing budget and treasury accounting on a budget organisations and reports on the results of financial activities, accounting of bringing budget and treasury accounting to international standards and final report.         Superiore         30         Career planning         The main aim of teaching the topic "career planning" is to understand how students' interests, values, skills and knowledge and how students' interests, values, skills and knowledge and to rapidly evolving job markets by increasing your knowledge and confidence to explore wider career opportunities. You will learn to develop a career development plan for your current and how students' interests, values, skills and knowledge and qualifications: Basic knowledge of career perception: Career readmap essence and design; Analysi				
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	with people, maintain a conversation and effectively manage critical situations when interacting with others. Creative, critical and analytical ways of thinking as a component of soft skills. Principles of teamwork, the ability to work in teams and "team building" in the establishment and organisation of teamwork. Leadership style and basic qualities required in leaders.	
3.	<b>Hard skills</b> Hard skills are abilities or skill sets that can be learnt easily. Hard skills are technical qualifications related to a job. These skills can usually be learnt in the classroom, online, through books and other materials, or in the workplace. They form the backbone of the job and are developed through specialised training and trial and error. Strong skills are those that can be tested or measured by the recruiter: ability to communicate in a foreign language, sales ability, affiliate (online version of direct selling) marketing, inventory management, business analysis, experience in a specific computer programming language. The topic of hard skills is for students to be able to fluently use the most used excel tools in business, software for project management, to know the rules of oral and written communication in business life, to understand the main points that will guide business life, digital literacy, to know how to create a personal brand. If we talk about the hard skills of the leader, first of all it is the ability to plan, set priorities, choose the right goals, give instructions and ensure their implementation.	10
4.	<b>Experience / project</b> Production experience, as a rule, consists of vocational training and pre-diploma experience. The main tasks were: to strengthen and deepen the theoretical knowledge received by the student in higher education and ensure its use in further work activities, to acquaint students with new technologies, working methods, scientific research and other subjects depending on the situation, to improve the profile and characteristics of their specialisation, to develop business acumen, organisation and instil communication skills, to improve students' knowledge in the field of SMART technologies, to strengthen students inclinations and interest in professional directions and to develop the ability to creatively implement personalised training activities. In order for the production experience to achieve its objectives, the following issues are solved by the students: checking and analysing the data important for the analysis from a reliable source, orientation of the research in such a way as to increase its effectiveness in the short and medium term, acquisition and development of professional skills, expansion and systematisation of theoretical knowledge gained over the years of theoretical training in higher education institutions.	6